

## REFUSES ANY MEDIATION WITH ITS TELEGRAPHERS

Pennsylvania Declines Offer of  
Knapp and Neill to Settle  
Trouble.

NO NEED, OFFICIAL SAYS

Declares There Is No Change  
since Report to Commerce  
Court in 1909.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has sent to Judge Martin A. Knapp of the Commerce Court and Charles P. Neill, Commissioner of Labor, a refusal to comply with the two acting as mediators under the Erdman law in regard to the controversy between the road and some of its telegraphers.

Judge Knapp and the Commissioner sent to the railroad word that the president of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers had written them asking them to act as mediators in the controversy and they offered their services to bring about a friendly adjustment of the matter.

S. C. Long, general manager of the Pennsylvania, responded thanking the Commissioner and the Judge for their offer, but saying there was no controversy between the road and its telegraphers that warranted any such conference.

At that time Mr. Atterbury said that there has been no material change in the telegraph situation since 1909, when W. W. Atterbury, at that time general manager of the road, made a statement concerning it to Judge Knapp.

At that time Mr. Atterbury said that the trouble arose over an indisposition on the part of some of the telegraphers to accept students. In 1905, when the block signal system on the Pennsylvania was enlarged, many additional operators were required and Mr. Atterbury ordered that divisions that did not have students should employ an adequate number.

Mr. Atterbury said at the time that the Pennsylvania was anxious to educate its telegraph operators as its other employees, and he asked a committee consisting of representatives of the operators of the lines out of Pittsburgh to see that students were taken by the operators.

He understood, he told Judge Knapp, that students would be accepted by the operators, but three operators shortly after refused to accept the students assigned to them and were discharged. They appealed to the committee and the committee did not listen to them, said Mr. Atterbury. Then they went to the head of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers and he attempted to negotiate to the committee, according to Mr. Atterbury.

The committee was expelled from the organization and, Mr. Atterbury said, a number of employees resigned from the organization. These men formed a new organization. At the time of Mr. Atterbury's communication he reckoned that there were 1,000 men in the original organization, 600 to 700 in the new and some 2,000 employees who did not belong to any organization.

Mr. Atterbury said that, as the attitude of the telegraphers was such that no way would interfere with the business of the railroad, he did not consider the matter one for outside arbitration and refused to confer with the Commissioner or the Judge and Mr. Long now takes the same stand.

The letter further says that at the present time the officials have under consideration a number of questions that have been presented by the committee representing the employees of the telegraph department, including increases in rates of pay at many offices, and that they hope to give satisfactory answers.

### LEWIS ON TAFT TICKET.

Mine Workers' Former Head Is a  
Republican Candidate.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 14.—Thomas L. Lewis of Bridgeport, former president of the United Mine Workers of America, today was selected as Republican nominee for Secretary of State to succeed John L. Sullivan, who joined the Progressives.

Charles J. Geidel of Coshocton was nominated for State Board of Public Works, although a new constitutional amendment knocked out the office. The latter action was taken by the committee so as to be prepared for a possible court attack upon the validity of the constitutional amendments.

When Gov. Woodrow Wilson comes to Columbus next Friday for the State campaign opening he will make half a dozen speeches if he fills out the program announced to-day by the State committee.

Before adjourning a joint session this evening members of the Republican State central and executive committees adopted a resolution fully upholding the recent demand of Chairman Daugherty that county committee-men who are not loyal to the Republican national and state tickets must abdicate and make way for men who will show their fealty.

Chairman Daugherty's order created considerable resentment when issued, but many committee-men, in response to his demand, have indicated their willingness to resign. There is no doubt that Taft leaders, now in control of the party organization, intend to force the course the candidates of all former Republicans who show a disposition to aid the Progressives in any way.

### WOMEN ELECTORS IN WEST.

Progressives Name Them in Wyoming  
and Utah.

BOZEMAN, Utah, Sept. 14.—Neph. L. Morris of Salt Lake was nominated for Governor to-day by the Progressive party of Utah. Other nominations were Stephen H. Lowe of Salt Lake City and Louis Larson of San Pete county for Congress. Two women were put on the ticket as Presidential electors.

Col. Roosevelt delivered an address to the convention. The State platform declares that "the paramount issue in the campaign is the control of our government and political life by the people themselves, to the end that they may have political and industrial democracy."

At Denver, Colo., Sept. 14, Helen J. Hunt of Albany county has been named as a Presidential elector for Wyoming by the Progressive party.

She is the first woman to have her name put upon the ticket in this State.

COURT NO COLLECTION AGENT.

Justice Bischoff Throws Out Motion  
to Punish Man 88 Years Old.

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff dismissed today a motion to punish John B. Ireland, a man 88 years old, for failure to appear for examination in supplementary proceedings on a judgment obtained by the United States Fidelity and Guaranty company.

The case had been on the Supreme Court bench twenty-five times and Ireland had been in and out of the court many times in an effort by the creditor to settle the judgment. Justice Bischoff commented on the numerous adjournments and said:

# Arnold, Constable & Co.

EXTEND A CORDIAL INVITATION TO THEIR FRIENDS,  
AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY TO THEIR

## Grand Opening of Fall and Winter Styles

Commencing Monday, September 16th

And Continuing Throughout the Week

When We Will Display

The Largest and Most Complete Stocks of the Choicest Products

of Europe and America at Prices Considerably Under the Usual Scale

Comprising

Rich Velvet Brocades on Silk and Gauze, Gold Metal and Velvet Brocades, Persian Gauzes with Gold Metal Brocades, Brocaded Satins, Moire Silks, Faille Francaise, Ottoman Silks, Satin and Crepe Charmeuse, "Sultana" Black Silks, Lyons Plain Silk Velvets, Chiffon Velvets, Empire and Roman Toga Velvets, Plushes, Plain and Fancy Velvetens, Corduroys.

Foreign Broadcloths, Novelty Woollen Dress Fabrics, Cachemire Velours, Wool Plushes and Eponge, Novelty Paris Laces, Dress Trimmings, Garnitures and Unmade Robes, Imported Carriage and Opera Wraps, Dinner and Reception Dresses, Afternoon and Calling Dresses, Tailored Suits, Sport Garments, Travelling and Motor Apparel, Waists, Neckwear and Gloves, &c., &c.

On Monday, September 16, Will Also Be Held

### A Special Sale of

Colored Satin Charmeuse, very superior quality, the most popular fabric of the season; double width, unusual assortment of the new Fall colorings. Regular price \$2.00 yard, at the special price 1.45

Black Satin Imperiale, one of the popular new fabrics of the season; double width, soft finish, brilliant lustre. Regular price \$2.00 yard at the special price 1.45

Broadway & 19th Street

## LOVE OF GIRL BETRAYS SID ALLEN AND EDWARDS

Fiancee of Younger Feudist  
Trailed by Detectives on Eve  
of Wedding.

### BOTH READY TO RETURN

Men Who Helped Shoot Up Vir-  
ginia Court Captured in  
Des Moines.

DES MOINES, Sept. 14.—Sidna Allen and Wesley Edwards, fugitives from Virginia, were arrested here this afternoon by Detectives W. W. Baldwin, H. H. Lucas and William Wood of Roanoke and will be taken back to answer a charge of murder in the Hillside, Va., court house tragedy last April.

Allen and Edwards are both willing to return without requisition papers and now declare that the jig is up. They are willing to face the music. Allen was arrested at the Cameron boarding house shortly before noon. Edwards has been with a graders' gang and was taken from a street car this evening while coming into town.

The arrest of Allen followed a few minutes after Miss Maud Iroler, who lived near the Allen home in Virginia, stepped into the Cameron home at 11 o'clock to meet Wesley Edwards, to whom she was to have been married to-night, according to an arrangement she made when she and he visited her a month ago and eluded the detectives who have been on his track since that time.

When Miss Iroler started into the Cameron home the detectives went ahead of her and Detective Lucas, drawing a revolver, placed Sidna Allen under arrest. The girl was kept downstairs and was not allowed to communicate with the uncle of the man she was to marry. Detectives Mundy and Baldwin immediately started to search the country north of Ingersoll avenue for a trace of Edwards, who was reported to be working in that vicinity.

Miss Iroler was not broken down by the arrest of Allen and the probable arrest of her lover.

"Wesley was down home about a month ago and we were to be married," she said. "He gave me the money to come to this city and this address. I had no idea that any one was following me. Wesley was not directly in the shootings, although they say that he fired one or two shots. He may get twelve years and that will let him out in six with good behavior. The other fellow has a wife and three children. I do not care about him so much."

Sidna Allen, going under the name of Thomas Sawyer, and Wesley Edwards, going under the name of Joseph Jackson, came to Des Moines and took a room at the home of the Camerons. When they came here Allen went to work as a carpenter while Edwards went to work as a day laborer, being employed by the city.

They made no friends at the Cameron home. They would talk to no one; they received no mail at the house, but went to the post office for it. They were peaceful and attracted no attention.

Allen blames their capture upon Edwards. He declares that the latter was so love sick that he went back and visited the girl only a month ago and coaxed her out here to get married. Allen states that after the Hillside shooting he went several weeks in the mountains and then made his way to Louisville with Edwards and from that place drifted north to Des Moines. He says he was in the Klondike two years ago and he thought the detective would think he made another trip to Alaska.

He declares that there was no shooting in the Virginia courtroom until the deputy sheriff first opened fire and that they then had to shoot in self-defense. He says the sheriffs had sworn to get them dead or alive regardless of which action was taken. He says that Allen and Edwards were in iron and closely guarded. The detectives will probably leave for the East with their prisoners to-morrow morning.

Sidna Allen, according to the ante-mortem statement of Judge Thornton L.

Massie, is the man whose bullet killed the judge in the murderous fusillade fired by the Allen clan in the court house at Hillside, Va., on March 14 last.

Attorney William Foster, Sheriff Lee F. Webb, Juror Fowler and Miss Elizabeth Ayres, a witness against Floyd Allen, Sidna's brother, were also killed. Floyd, eight in all, six were captured within a few weeks of the shooting. Floyd and Claude Allen are sentenced to die on November 22. Fred Allen is serving eighteen years in the penitentiary, one has been acquitted and two are in jail awaiting trial. The two who were not captured are Sidna Allen and Wesley Edwards, his brother's nephew.

After the shooting the clan ran to their horses in the court house yard and galloped to the mountains—all except Floyd Allen, whose right leg was broken by a bullet, and his son Victor, who stayed in Hillside with his father.

A rider passing Sidna Allen's 200-acre farm near Squirrel's Spur, a few hours later, saw Sidna calmly smoking a pipe on the front porch of his "mountain hut." He also observed a man sitting on a porch, a tiled bathroom and a piano. But when the deputy sheriffs rode into the Fancy Gap country, they found the house empty. Allen had fled, leaving word that he would never be caught alive. Young Wesley Edwards was with him.

They followed a mountain trail into North Carolina, and once the man hunters thought they surrounded in a thicket, but in the night the quarry got away. They roamed the woods near Mount Airy for several weeks, appearing every few days at some mountain cabin to be fed and vanish again. They were seen in that region on April 30 for the last time.

Massie and other court officers at Hillside were questioned to-day at Pulaski regarding his knowledge of Maud Iroler.

He was with his father-in-law, a Mr. Wisler of Pulaski. Another daughter of Mr. Wisler was engaged to be married to Claude Allen, who is under sentence of death for his part in the Hillside tragedy.

Mr. Wisler has known Miss Iroler's father from boyhood. The Irolers are Carroll county people and about two years ago moved to the south side of the Blue Ridge not far from the Allen settlement.

The girl is 18 or 19 years old and attractive. Wesley Edwards met her a year ago and fell in love with her. His affection was reciprocated and it was understood that they were engaged to be married several months before the shooting in the court room. Her father is a weaver to do for her. Miss Iroler has a younger sister and several brothers younger than herself.

The Baldwins heard that Miss Iroler was going to marry and Wesley Edwards and left on the same train with her Thursday afternoon. Victor Allen would make no comment on the capture of his uncle, Sidna Allen, and his cousin, Wesley Edwards.

SUFFRAGIST HAS FOIL FOR WIT.

Adherent Poses as "Anti" in Act at  
Vaudeville House.

Miss Harriet May Mills, president of the State Suffrage Association, gave the audience at Hammerstein's Victoria a heart to heart talk yesterday afternoon on feminine qualifications for voting and won several rounds of applause.

Mrs. Marie Jenney Howe obligingly converted herself into a woman of straw for Miss Mills to knock down by pretending to be an "anti" of the clinging type and insisting that the moment woman got the ballot she would be lost her charms.

Fifty members of the association in white frocks lavishly garnished with yellow who were grouped back of the principals waved votes for women banners at every psychological moment.

### McADOO AND PERKINS TALK.

Political Managers Anxious to Keep  
the Record Straight.

Acting Chairman William G. McAdoo of the Democratic National Committee gave out yesterday the following statement:

Returning from Syracuse Gov. Wilson was asked whether or not at the time he accepted the invitation to attend the State fair he knew that he was going to meet the State committee and the county chairman, and he answered "No." John A. Mason, secretary of the State committee, has stated that Gov. Wilson went to Syracuse with full knowledge that he would meet the State committee, and county chairman. Both statements are correct.

Gov. Wilson only said that when he accepted the invitation he did not know about the meeting of the State committee. Any other interpretation of his remarks is erroneous.

It should be said in justice to all concerned that subsequent to the acceptance of the Syracuse invitation the secretary of the State committee, Mr. Mason, informed Gov. Wilson that the State committee and the county chairman would meet in Syracuse on the day of the Governor's visit and that Gov. Wilson had expected to meet them.

George W. Perkins, who is directing the affairs of the Progressive party's national committee, gave out this statement yesterday:

Gov. Wilson is quoted in a few of this morning's papers as saying "Mr. Perkins is one of those gentlemen who do not know the difference between the Tammany Society and Tammany Hall. They are absolutely distinct organizations." Gov. Wilson is right. I do not know the difference because there is no material difference.

I know that Gustavus Meyer, in his book entitled "The History of Tammany Hall," says "My research has shown me the absurdity of the pretence that any vital distinction exists between the Tammany Society and the Tammany Hall political organization."

I know that Charles F. Murphy is the head of Tammany Hall. I know that Charles F. Murphy is one of the principal officers of the Tammany Society. I know that the leaders of Tammany Hall and Tammany Society are largely the same. I know that when Gov. Wilson sent his congratulatory letter to the Tammany Society on the 4th of July, 1912 to which letter I referred yesterday, he sent it to it and it was received by precisely the same leaders that he refused to recognize at Syracuse day before yesterday.

What I and other voters in New York city have a right to know from Gov. Wilson is whether in case he were elected President of the United States he would recognize and treat with Mr. Murphy and his associates if they came to him as representing the Society of Tammany but would refuse to have anything at all to do with them if they came to him as representing Tammany Hall.

SHERIFF QUINN GETS BOOKS.

Then He Fires His Under Sheriff, a  
Casualty Man.

Under Sheriff John M. Phillips, who is supporting the Cassidy ticket at the primaries in Queens, was yesterday ousted from his position by Sheriff Thomas M. Quinn for his action in turning over to District Attorney Matthew J. Smith certain books belonging to the Sheriff after hours and at the time Quinn was absent from his office.

At the same time Phillips was receiving his dismissal clerk was working on the books, which had been seized on the District Attorney's subpoena and which that official was compelled to return in accordance with a summary order from Justice Maclean of the Brooklyn Supreme Court.

District Attorney Smith is chairman of the Cassidy campaign committee and Sheriff Quinn's books were seized two hours after he came out in an interview against Cassidy and in support of President Connolly of Queens and the nominees on the regular Democratic ticket.

During the day District Attorney Smith gave out an interview in which he said that books were being planted in different parts of the borough and he was prepared to prosecute the culprits themselves or persons harboring them. Despite this interview the Connolly and regular Democratic forces failed to consult him, but turned over to the police a list of more than forty names of alleged floaters.

## MRS. FOX BEGINS FIGHT FOR CUSTODY OF BODY

Gets Order for Her Former  
Husband to Show  
Cause.

### CHILD IN PERIL, SHE SAYS

Latest Phase of Bitter Quarrel  
Between Blue Grass Beauty  
and New York Husband.

Mrs. Margaret Hitt Fox, whose litigation with her husband, Hugh Corby Fox, a manufacturer of railway supplies, ended in a decree of divorce in Reno last April in which the court gave her the custody of her son, Hugh Corby Fox, Jr., 4 years old, now sets forth that the child has been secretly taken to Paris and is kept from her.

Mrs. Fox got an order from Supreme Court Justice Newburger yesterday directing her former husband to show cause to-morrow why the child should not be returned to this State and put in her custody. She alleges that Fox sent the child away with his mother.

Until they separated in 1910 the Foxes lived at 130 West Fifty-seventh street. Their trouble first became known when Mrs. Fox got a writ of habeas corpus to regain possession of the boy, whom she said her husband had taken away from her and put in charge of his parents. She charged that the home of her husband's parents was not a fit place for the child, but said she didn't want to give the reasons unless required to do so. Mrs. Fox then sued for separation, asking \$250 a week alimony, but because of the nature of the allegations in her affidavit her husband made arrangement out of court and the case was discontinued. Mrs. Fox then went to Reno, acquired a legal residence and sued for divorce.

When the suit was heard Mrs. Fox testified that her husband asked her to associate with other men in order that he might prosper in business and asked her to sign an agreement that was a promise to condone any offense he might commit. Fox did not defend the case, but after Mrs. Fox got her decree, with the custody of the child, he went to Reno to have the case reopened and to have the provision for the custody of the child changed. The court directed that he pay \$150 attorney's fees and \$450 back alimony before his application could be heard.

Fox is a member of the Calumet and C. M. H. club. He is a graduate of Harvard. Mrs. Fox is a Kentuckian, and was known in Blue Grass society as "the beautiful Miss Hitt." Under the Reno decree Mrs. Fox gets \$150 a month alimony and \$25 a month for the support of her son.

HILLES PRAISES WASSON.

Says Taft Electors Will Go on Penn-  
sylvania Ticket Soon.

Chairman Hilles of the Republican National Committee gave out yesterday the following statement on the situation in Pennsylvania:

Mr. Hilles has been in communication to-day with the party leaders in Philadelphia and Harrisburg and has sent his congratulations to Chairman Wasson on the result of the negotiations to bring about the retirement of Roosevelt men from the Taft electoral ticket.

Chairman Wasson has issued a call for the State committee to meet at Harrisburg September 20 to select the Taft candidates for electors.

It is understood that the Washington ticket will be ready for filing on September 19, that the managers of the Republican party as well as the Washington party will be represented by counsel, in order that the petition may be filed with its acceptance may not be delayed by technicalities.

Chairman Hilles has received definite assurances that the Roosevelt electors will be withdrawn from the Republican ticket and representative Republicans favorable to President Taft substituted.

## Stern Brothers

To-morrow, an Extraordinary Sale of the highest grade

### Women's Undergarments

in well fitting models, of Nainsook, Cambric and Muslin,  
trimmed with laces and embroideries,

At One-Third Below their Actual Value

Gowns, at 85c, 1.00, 1.20 to 3.75  
Petticoats, at \$1.00, 1.25, 1.55 to 4.25  
Combinations, at \$1.00, 1.20, 1.45 to 3.25  
Drawers, at 50c, 60c, 75c to 2.35  
Chemises, at 75c, 95c, 1.35 to 2.75  
Corset Covers, at 59c, 75c, 90c to 2.50

Monday, Opening Display of

### French Model Hats

comprising the latest conceptions of the leading Paris Modistes, Rebourg, Georgette, Poirer, Groult, Evelyn Varon and many others. In addition an unusually large assortment of Creations and Adaptations from their own workrooms.

Also a Special Shipment of

English Tailored Velours and Stitched Hats

for Golf, Tennis, Street and Auto Wear.

And a choice selection of

French Mourning Millinery.

Misses' and Children's Imported Hats

together with modifications from their own workrooms.

THIRD FLOOR MAIN BUILDING

New and Distinctive Foreign and American Models in

### Women's Wearing Apparel

will be exhibited to-morrow, including Tailored Suits, Street and Evening Dresses, Motor, Dress and Evening Coats; Tea Gowns and Negligees.

Also an Exceptional Offering of

Tailor-made Walking Suits

showing the newest features in Coats and Skirts.

of Cheviot, Serges and Bedford Cords, lined with superior quality satin, Value \$27.50, at \$17.50

of Striped Novelty Worsteds, Diagonals, Foreign Serges and Broadcloths, strictly tailored and trimmed styles, Value \$35.00, at 23.75

of plain and striped Eponge, two-toned Zibelines, Velvet Corduroys and Imported Novelty Fabrics, Value \$45.00, at 32.00

Autumn Styles of

### Women's and Misses' Blouses

An attractive showing, including many adaptations of the latest Foreign Models, in Marquisette, Voile, Batiste and Handkerchief Linen, featuring new frill and collar effects, with either three-quarter or the fashionable long sleeves.

Ranging in Price from \$2.00 to 9.75

Also a large collection of

New Blouse Models, of Charmeuse, Soft Brocaded Satin, Crepe de Chine and Chiffon, in white, black, navy, taupe and brown, at \$5.00

Values Usually sold at \$7.50

Women's and Misses'

### Silk Petticoats

The latest models for Dress, Street and Evening Wear, in the newest materials, including Plain and Flowered Chiffon, Crepe de Chine and Broche Satins combined with delicate laces, French ribbon roses and hand embroidery; also combinations of Silk Jersey with taffeta and messaline flounce.

For To-morrow, a Special Sale of

Eight New Model Petticoats, of Messaline and Chiffon Taffeta, in plain and changeable effects, with tailored or pleated flounces and silk underlay, \$3.00

Regularly sold at \$4.50

## Upholstery Departments

Autumn Importations of  
Lace Draperies and Lace Materials

LONG CURTAINS FOR FULL SIZED WINDOWS.

SASH CURTAINS IN PARIS.

LACE PANELS AND STORES FLAMANDE.

IN WIDTHS TO FIT WINDOWS OF VARIOUS SIZES.

BRISSE-BIDES FOR FRENCH GLASS DOORS.

LACE BED COVERS FOR SINGLE AND DOUBLE BEDS.

Superior facilities for making to order special designs and sizes. A large and select assortment of Real Laces, Motifs, Embroidery and Lace Materials in exclusive effects, constantly on hand.

Models, Sketches and Estimates Submitted Upon Request.

Also To-morrow, at Specially Reduced Prices

French Hand-made Lace Curtains, Usually \$8.75 to 17.50 Pair, at \$5.50, 7.25, 8.75, 10.50

Italian Fillet Lace Curtains, at \$22.00, 28.00, 38.00, 45.00 Pair and upwards

Italian Fillet Lace Stores Flamande, at \$18.50, 26.50, 31.50, 37.50 Each and upwards

West 23d and 22d Streets